FINAL SUBMISSION EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### OAKLAND ARMY BASE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

## BASEWIDE ENERGY SYSTEMS PLAN

PREPARED FOR

THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY SACRAMENTO DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS

**CONTRACT NO. DACA05-80-C-0118** 

PREPARED BY

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT

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April 12, 1983

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers Sacramento District 650 Capitor Mari Sacramento, CA 95814

Attention:

Mr. Randy Redeen, Project Manager

Reference:

Basewide Energy Systems Plan

Oakland Army Base, Oakland, California

Subject:

Final Submission

Contract No.:

DACA05-80-C-0118

Our Project No.: 05-8200

Gentlemen:

Enclosed is the Final Submission of the Basewide Energy Systems Plan for the Oakland Army Base (OARB). The Plan details projects that will enable the Base to meet the energy consumption goals of the Army Facilities Energy Plan.

The Plan consists of six components: 1) Executive Summary, 2) Report,

3) Appendix I, 4) Appendix II: Energy Conservation Measures Summaries,

5) Project Programming Documents, and 6) Increment F Study.

All comments have been reviewed and incorporated in the report, as appropriate.

This Plan is a valuable data base that can be used to develop additional projects as Army goals are revised and other energy conservation projects become viable.

We greatly appreciate the assistance, courtesy, and hospitality that was provided by OARB personnel. Their cooperation and insight considerably enhanced this report.

Thank you for this opportunity to be of continued service.

Sincerely,

SANDERS & THOMAS, INC.

David M./Jonik, P.E.

Project Manager

DMJ:mat Enclosure

STV Engineers, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Architects, Planners, Construction Managers, Management Consultants. THE STV ENGINEERS FIRMS. Sanders & Thomas, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Architects, Planners; Seelye Stevenson Value & Knecht, Inc., Engineers and Planners; Baltimore Transportation Associates, Inc., Consulting Engineers; STV/Management Consultants Group; Santafric, Engineers and Economists. LOCATIONS: New York, Rochester, Plainview, NY; Philadelphia, Pottstown, Horsham, PA; Baltimore, MD; Boston, MA; Nashville, TN; Atlanta, GA; Jersey City, Jackson, NJ; Stratford, CT; Arlington, VA; Abidjan, Ivory Coast; Cairo, Port Said, Egypt.

FINAL SUBMISSION EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### OAKLAND ARMY BASE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

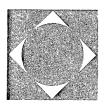
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### PROJECT ABSTRACT

### BASEWIDE ENERGY SYSTEMS PLAN OAKLAND ARMY BASE

This analysis is undertaken to assist the Oakland Army Base (OARB) in meeting the goals established by the Army Facilities Energy Plan to reduce consumption by 20 percent by 1985.

Projects selected for implementation as a result of this analysis will enable OARB to achieve the 1985 goal. Total annual energy savings from implementing Increment A, B, and G projects will be approximately 75,000 MBTU's. The total cost of these projects is estimated at approximately \$3.0 million.

The implementation of Increment F projects will result in an additional annual energy savings of 41,900 MBTU's per year at an implementation cost of \$80,000. Total savings for all projects are estimated at 117,000 MBTU's at a cost of about \$3.08 million.



### DEFINITION OF TERMS

### BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)

The date a facility begins to operate.

### BENEFIT-TO-COST RATIO (BCR)

The dollar savings (based on energy savings) realized over the life of the project divided by the nonrecurring capital investment (including design). BCR is a measure of project payback. A BCR of 1.0, for example, means that the projects initial capital investment will be recovered over its lifetime.

### COST INDEX

Comparison of Energy Cost Indices for various years giving a chosen base year a value of 100.

### CURRENT WORKING ESTIMATE (CWE)

The project's installation cost escalated to the year the project is designated for construction. Installation costs are non-recurring and include all labor and material, contractor costs, bond, contingency, SIOH, and escalation. Design costs are not included and must be added to the CWE to develop the total installed cost.

### ENERGY CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM (ECIP)

Military funded program for retrofitting existing DOD facilities to make them more energy efficient.

### ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES (ECM)

Projects to conserve energy and/or costs through energy/manpower reductions.

### ENERGY COST

Cost of Source Energy Consumed (obtained from utility bills).

### ENERGY COST INDEX

Energy cost per square foot of building.

### ENERGY MONITORING AND CONTROL SYSTEM (EMCS)

This is a computer-based control system used to achieve energy dollar savings through automatic control of building heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) systems. This includes implementation of various energy conservation measures, such as programmed equipment shutoff, programmed outside air shutoff, and equipment optimization, to reduce the total energy consumption of individual buildings, reduce energy distribution system losses and improve HVAC system capability.

### ENERGY-TO-COST RATIO (ECR)

The Mega British Thermal Units (MBTU's) per year saved divided by the non-recurring capital investment (excluding design). ECR is a measure of the amount of energy savings related to the required capital investment. Acceptable ECR's should be lower each year since energy costs escalate faster than capital investment costs.

### ELECTRICITY KWH INDEX

Quantity of electricity, expressed in kilowatt hours, consumed per square foot of building area per year.

### ELECTRICITY ENERGY INDEX

Quantity of electricity, expressed in thousands of British Thermal Units, consumed per square foot of building area per year.

### ELECTRICITY COST INDEX

Electricity cost comparison for each year using a base year with an assigned value of 100.

### ELECTRICITY INDEX

Electrical Energy Indices comparison for each year using a base year with an assigned value of 100 for the electricity consumed in that year.

### FUELS ENERGY INDEX

Ratio of fuel consumed (in British Thermal Units (BTU's)) to the occupied square footage of OARB.

### HEATING DEGREE DAYS

An indication of fuel consumption; one heating degree-day is given for each degree that the daily mean temperature falls below the base of 65°F.

### SAVINGS INVESTMENT RATIO (SIR)

The total net discounted savings divided by the total investment, in accordance with ECIP Guidance, dated 6 August 1982.

### SIMPLE AMORTIZATION PERIOD (SAP)

The project's capital investment divided by the yearly savings (reduced from energy consumption). The period of time required to recover the initial capital investment.

### SOURCE ELECTRICITY ENERGY

Total amount of electricity purchased or total amount produced before line and efficiency losses.

### SOURCE ENERGY CONSUMED

Sum of fuels consumed and electricity used (includes all fuels such as heating oil, diesel fuel, natural gas, propane, coal, etc.).

### SOURCE ENERGY INDEX

Ratio of source energy consumed (in BTU's) to occupied square footage.

### SOURCE INDEX

Comparison of the Source Energy Indices for each year, giving a chosen base year a value of 100.

### TOTAL INSTALLED COST (TIC)

The sum of the Current Working Estimate (CWE) and the design costs.

KGSF

Kilo Volt

K٧

### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Army Air Force Exchange Service AAFES **AECP** Annual Energy Consumption Program Army Facilities Energy Plan (Office of the Chief of Engineers) AFEP Automated Procedures for Engineering Consultants APEC Ave Avenue Benefit Cost Ratio BCR Building Bldg British Thermal Unit BTU British Thermal Unit Per Hour BTUH °C Degree Centigrade Specific Heat Ср Central Control Unit CCU cf Cubic Foot cfm Cubic Foot Per Minute COE Corps of Engineers CO2 Carbon Dioxide CV Constant Voltage CW Cold Water CWE Current Working Estimate DD Degree Days Department of Defense DOD East Bay Municipal Utility District EBMUD ECIP Energy Conservation Investment Program ECM Energy Conservation Measure Energy to Cost Ratio ECR Energy Monitoring and Control Systems **EMCS** Estimated Est °F Degree Farenheit Field Interface Device FID Ft Foot Fiscal Year FY Gal Gallon GPM Gallons Per Minute GSF Gross Square Feet ΗE Heat Exchanger HP High Pressure **HPS** High Pressure Sodium Hr Hour HVAC Heating, Ventilating, and Air-Conditioning **IES** Illuminating Engineering Society of North America Incandescent INC Kilo British Thermal Unit (KBTU =  $10^3$  BTU) KBTU

Kilo Gross Square Feet (KGSF = 10<sup>3</sup> GSF)

KVA Kilo Volt Amp Kilowatt Kw Kilowatt Hour Kwh Lumens L Pounds ⊥bs Liquified Petroleum Gas LPG Mass Flow Rate Mega British Thermal Unit (MBTU = 10<sup>6</sup> BTU) MBTU Main Control Room MCR Minute Min Months Mos Military Traffic Management Command MTMC Multiplexer MUX Mercury Vapor ΜV Non-Appropriated Funds NAF Normally Closed NC Normally Open NO Oakland Army Base OARB Permanent Pacific Gas and Electric PG & E Parts Per Million ppmPounds Per Square Inch (Absolute) PSI Pounds Per Square Inch (Gage) PSIG Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company PTTC Public Works Center PWC Heat Per Time (BTUH's) Quantity Qty REF -Reference S Semi-Permanent Simple Amortization Period SAP Savings Investment Ratio SIR Series Connected SC Supervision, Inspection, and Overhead SIOH Sq Ft Square Foot T Temporary T. Final Temperature Initial Temperature Temp Temperature Total Installed Cost TIC Tons Per Day TPD Tempered Water ΨT V Volts Watts W Water Column WC Week Wk Window Square Foot Area WSF

Year

Yr

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### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### 1.1 PROJECT REQUIREMENT

This engineering analysis is undertaken in order to develop a systematic program of projects that will lead to energy consumption reductions at the Oakland Army Base (OARB) without compromising the Base mission, and in compliance with all applicable environmental and Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations. Reduced energy consumption is a stated goal of the Army Facilities Energy Plan.

The projects included in this analysis are grouped into five increments: A - Energy Conservation Investment Program (ECIP) projects for buildings, B - ECIP projects for utilities and energy distribution systems, C - Solar energy projects, E - Feasibility of central boiler plants, and G - Minor construction, maintenance, and repair projects not ECIP qualified.

### 1.1.1 Increment A - Energy Conservation Investment Program (ECIP) Projects for Buildings and Processes

Increment A includes those ECIP projects involving modifying, improving, or retrofitting existing buildings or production process facilities.

Projects are evaluated in accordance with ECIP criteria.

Each building or discrete part is analyzed in terms of its design energy consumption. Each energy source entering the building is identified.

### 1.1.2 Increment B - Energy Conservation Investment Program (ECIP) Projects for Utilities and Energy Distribution

Increment B includes utilities and energy distribution systems, Energy Monitoring and Control Systems for building and distribution systems, and the conversion of existing energy plants. Projects are evaluated in accordance with ECIP criteria. Systems studied include electrical supply and distribution, and steam and hot water distribution systems. The condition and operating efficiencies of the boiler plants are assessed.

### 1.1.3 Increment C - Solar Energy Projects

In Increment C, solar energy projects are considered for applicability at the Base. The feasibility of using solar energy is explored for space heating, space cooling and domestic hot water.

### 1.1.4 Increment E - Central Boiler System Projects

Increment E is to determine the practicality and economic feasibility of constructing central boiler plants to supply high pressure steam or high temperature water to all or discrete parts of the plant. A major objective is to reduce the dependency on petroleum fuel by converting to coal or other solid fuels, such as refuse derived fuels or wood, as the primary energy source. An economic analysis is made and potential savings or increases in energy consumption is documented.

### 1.1.5 Increment G - Maintenance, Repair and Minor Construction Projects

These projects involve individual, low-capital expenditure, cost-effective and energy efficient projects which merit implementation exclusive of ECIP projects. Increment G projects were identified during Phase I and II of Increments A & B.

### 2.1 BASE DESCRIPTION AND MISSION

OARB is located within the City of Oakland near the eastern end of the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge. The Base occupies 570 acres of which 192 acres are water area. There are presently 103 buildings and structures. Total building area, including docks, is approximately 3,605,000 square feet (see Figure 1: General Site Map).

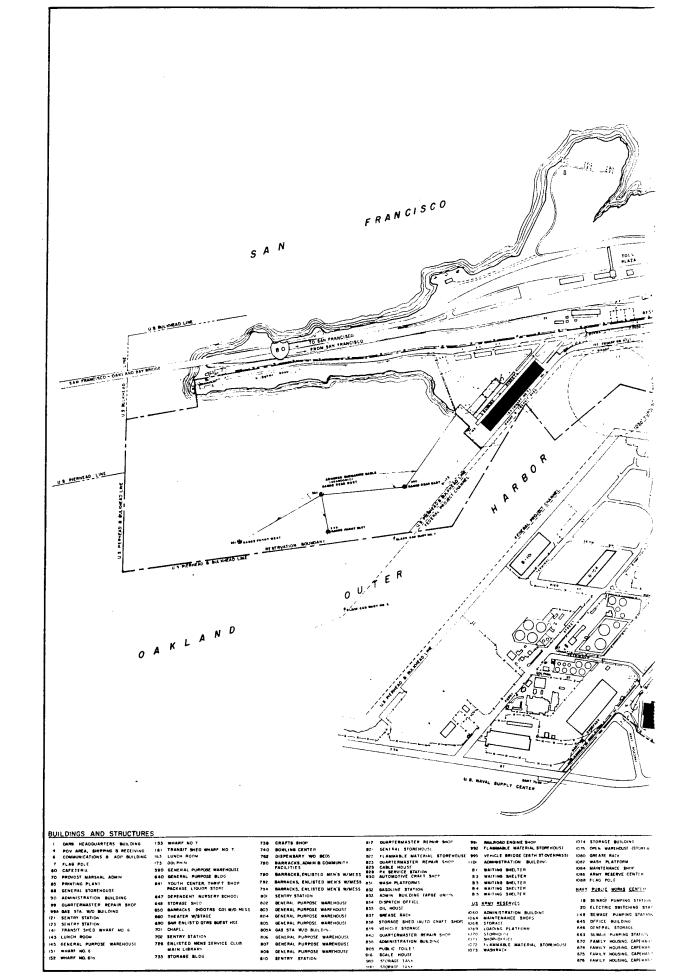
The Base served as a military cargo port during World War II, Korea, and Vietnam. Numerous military tenant agencies occupy Base buildings. They are the Army and Air Force Exchange Service; Western Sector, Military Enlistment Processing Command; U.S. Air Force Water Ports Logistics Office; U.S. Army Transfer Point; U.S. Army Reserve Center; Western Management Information Systems Office; the U.S. Army Communications Command; and the Navy Public Works Center.

The present mission of the Base is that of a military port and transfer station. This mission has been continuous since the Base was established in 1940 and no change in its mission is anticipated. In the event of mobilization, tenants lease will be recovered under a recovery clause.

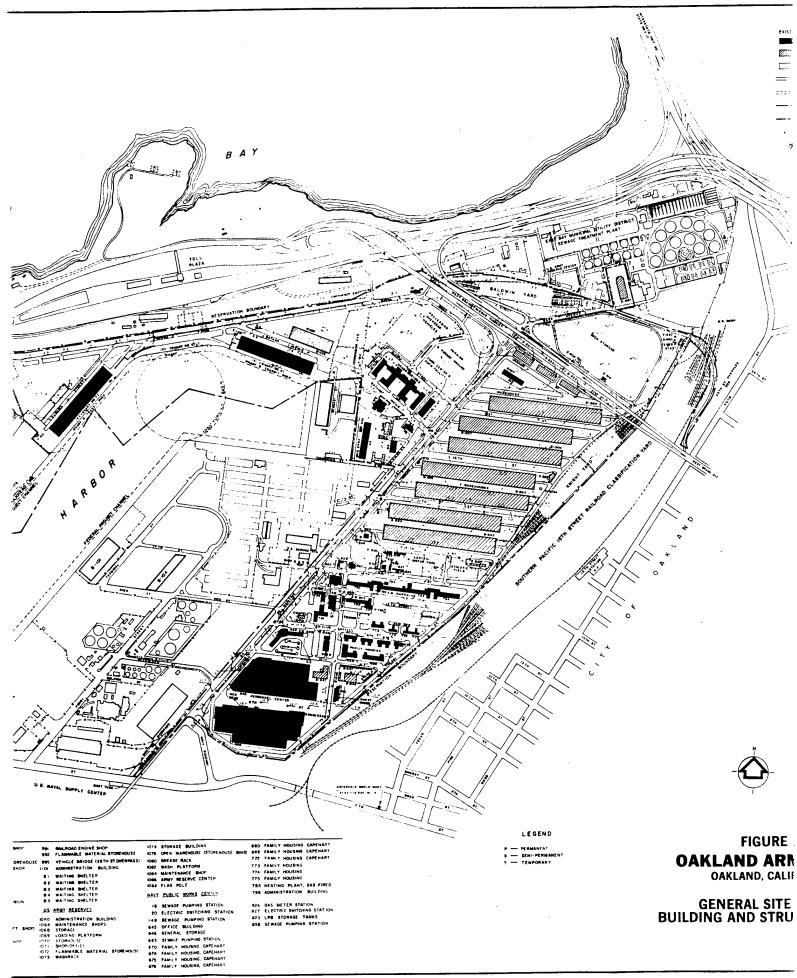
### 3.1 ARMY FACILITIES ENERGY PLAN

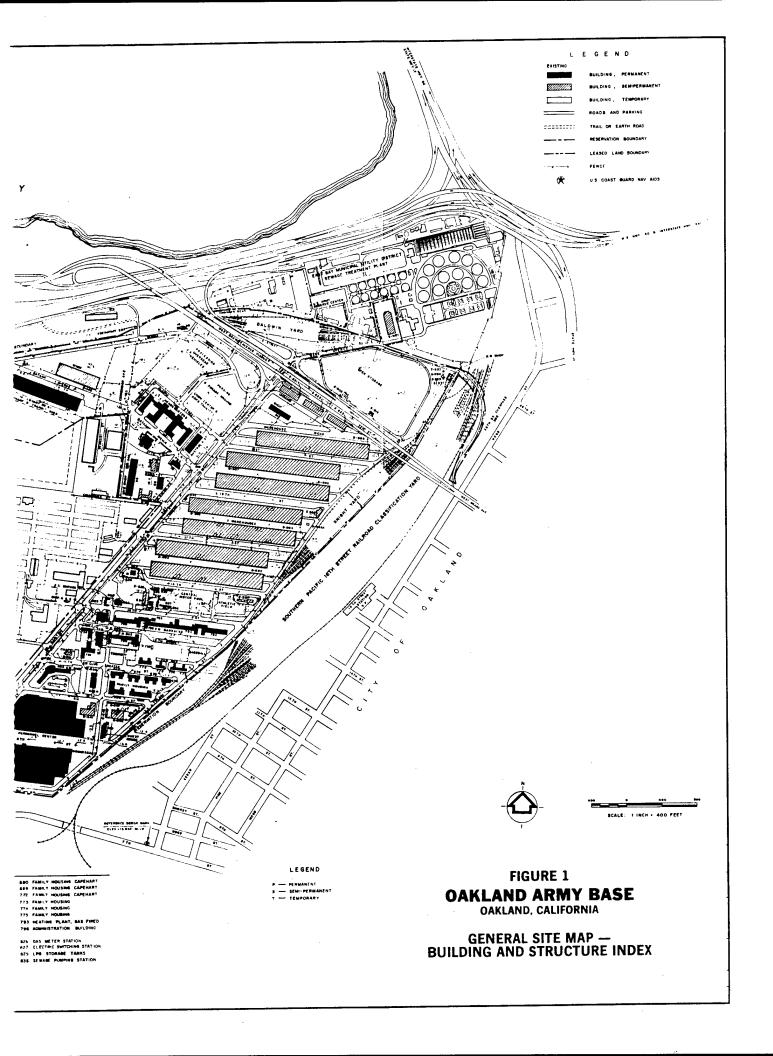
The Army Facilities Energy Plan sets short and long range energy goals for the Army and provides policy and planning guidance for the development of detailed facility energy plans. The Army's energy goals are to:

- Reduce total facility energy consumption by at least 20 percent by FY 1985 and by 50 percent by FY 2000, using FY 1975 as the base year.
- Reduce FY 1985 average annual energy consumption per gross square foot of floor area by 45 percent in new buildings compared to FY 1975.
- . Derive ten percent of Army facility energy from coal and alternate fuels by FY 1985.



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- Derive one percent of Army facility energy from solar energy by FY 1985.
- . Eliminate use of natural gas by FY 2000.
- . Reduce facility use of petroleum fuel by 75 percent by FY 2000.

### 4.1 SOURCE ENERGY CONSUMPTION

Table 1: Source Energy Consumption, compares consumption from FY 1975, the base year for the study, with consumption during FY 1979. Total energy consumption over the period remained constant though fuel costs more than doubled. Fuel usage has decreased approximately ten percent though electrical consumption has increased by ten percent. See Figure 2: Energy Use Trends.

TABLE 1
SOURCE ENERGY CONSUMPTION
FY 1975 AND 1979

	FY	1975	FY	1979
Source	Cost (\$000)	MBTU's Consumed (000)	Cost (\$000)	MBTU's Consumed (000)
Electricity	\$217	155	\$464	169
Fuel Oil No. 2	14	3	-0-	-0-
Natural Gas	134	135	321	125
Propane Gas	4	_1	3	0.5
Totals	\$359	294	\$808	294

Total fuel consumption is largely affected by heating requirements while the amount of electricity used is affected by cooling requirements.

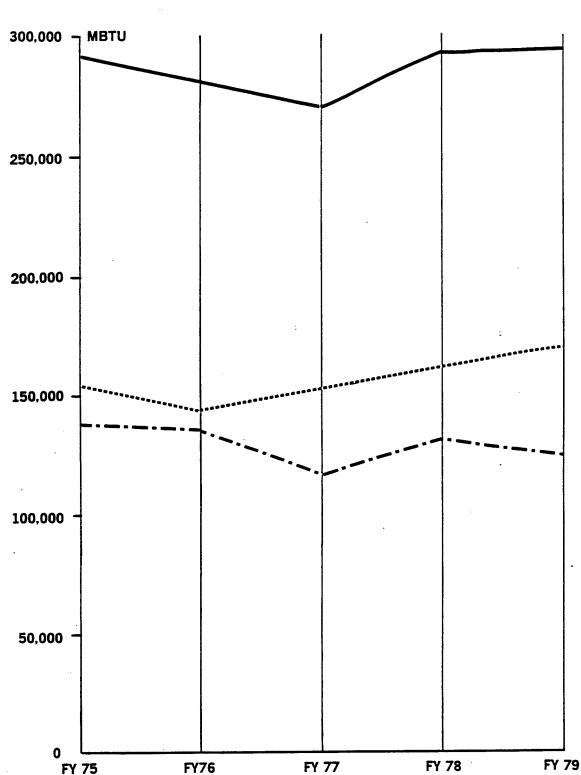
Figure 3: Gross Square Foot Energy Trends, shows the relationship of source energy, fuels energy, and electrical energy to the gross square footage of Base buildings. The overall Military Traffic Management Command goal is also shown.

### 5.1 PROJECT EXECUTION

This energy engineering analysis was conducted in three phases:

- . Field surveys
- Analysis of projects
- . Preparation of Project Programming Documents





\*Mega British Thermal Units per Year

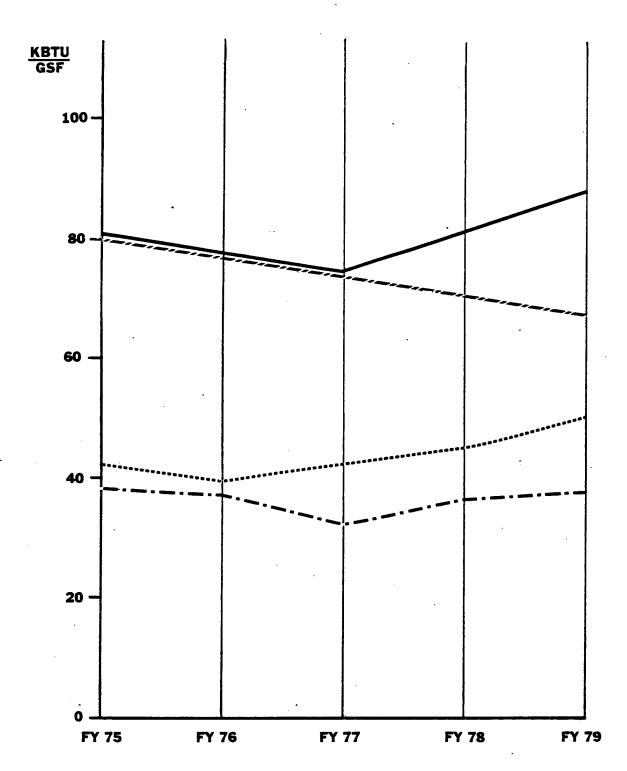
FIGURE 2 ENERGY USE TRENDS

SOURCE ENERGY INDEX (KBTU/GSF/YR)\*

FUELS ENERGY INDEX (KBTU/GSF/YR)

MTMC GOAL (KBTU/GSF/YR)

ELECTRICITY ENERGY INDEX (KBTU/GSF/YR)



\*Kilo British Thermal Units per Gross Square Foot per Year

FIGURE 3
GROSS SQUARE FOOT ENERGY TRENDS

### 5.1.1 Field Surveys and Data Gathering

The field surveys were conducted in four areas:

- . Architectural to evaluate such items as wall and roof types, and levels of insulation.
- Mechanical to evaluate heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems
- Electrical to evaluate lighting and building electrical systems
- . Distribution to evaluate Base utility systems

The distribution surveys covered all Base utility systems including electrical, steam, natural gas, water, sewage, and compressed air.

The survey phase enabled the identification of energy conservation opportunities and the applicability of energy conservation measures to OARB.

A study addressed the feasibility of using solar energy at the Base. Solar domestic hot water projects are presented for consideration.

A study was also conducted to determine the feasibility of utilizing central heating plants. The study revealed that it would be more cost-effective to upgrade the existing plants.

### 5.1.2 Analysis of Projects

After the data gathering phase it was possible to identify potential projects for analysis. These projects were analyzed for applicability to OARB and their potential to save energy in relation to their implementation cost.

### 5.1.3 Review and Verification

OARB personnel assisted in the selection of those projects which should be implemented and developed project priorities. All projects were reviewed and verified at the Base in consultation with OARB personnel.

### 6.1 PROJECTS PROPOSED FOR IMPLEMENTATION

### 6.1.1 ECIP Projects

The following ECIP Projects are proposed for implementation by Oakland Army Base.

TABLE 2
ECIP PROJECTS SUMMARY

Project	<u>Description</u>	Energy Saving MBTU/Yr	TIC*	ECR	BCR	SAP	FY Proposed
1	Weatherstrip and Caulk Windows and Doors	19,540	\$ 304,000	64	10	1.2	85
2	Replace Incandescent Fixtures with New Lighting System (805-808, 590)	31,700	1,313,000	24	2.6	6.2	85
3	Add Insulation to Walls and Roofs	8,840	544,000	16.2	3.7	5.1	85
<b>.</b>	Recover Refrigeration System Waste Heat	2,730	240,000	12	1.7	10	. 85
5	Family Housing Solar Domestic Hot Water	3,100	480,000	6.8	1.1	17.7	85
		65,910	\$2,881,000				

<sup>\*</sup>Escalated to the midpoint of construction

### 6.1.2 Minor Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Projects (Increment "G" Projects)

TABLE 3

INCREMENT G (MINOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE
AND REPAIR PROJECTS) SUMMARY

Project	Description	Energy Saving MBTU/Yr	TIC*	ECR	BCR	SAP	FY Proposed	Man Hours
1	Install Timers on HVAC Equipment	6,190	\$ 5,700	1141	114.0	0.1	82	56
2	Reduce Lighting Load in Bldg. No. 85	400	1,000	340	23.0	0.8	82	740
3	Install Insulating Panels in Windows	190	5,300	37	8.5	2.3	82	128
14	Heat Destratification	1,050	46,000	24	1.8	6.9	82	464

### TABLE 3 (Continued)

Project	Description	Energy Saving MBTU/Y	r TIC*	ECR	BCR	SAP	FY Proposed	Man <u>Hours</u>
5	Install Self-Contained Thermostatic Valves on Radiation	820	54,000	16	1.5	8.4	82	504
. 6	Day-Night Thermostats Family Housing	230	14,000	17	1.2	10.0	82	320
	TOTAL	9,180	\$126,000					

<sup>\*</sup>Escalated to the end of the FY Proposed

### 6.1.3 Central Boiler Plant Projects (Increment "E" Projects)

The analysis of central heating plant alternatives showed that refitting Existing Boilers was the most feasible alternative.

TABLE 4

INCREMENT E CENTRAL BOILER PLANT PROJECTS SUMMARY

Project Description	Initial Cost	Total Life Cycle <u>Cost</u>
Retrofit Existing Boiler	\$1,400,000	\$31,600,000
Medium Temperature Hot Water Central Heating Plant	\$3,420,000	\$31,500,000
Steam Central Heating Plant	\$4,010,000	\$33,700,000

### 6.1.4 Increment F Projects

Increment F projects are site specific energy savings modifications and changes in building and system operation which are within the funding authority and management control of the Facilities Engineer. Increment F projects are shown, by descending SIR, on Table 5: Life-Cycle Cost Analysis Summary - Increment F Projects.

TABLE 5

LIFE-CYCLE GOST ANALYSIS SUMMARY INCREMENT F PROJECTS

SIR	5055.84	1607.65	47.			90	54.	54.	352, 53	338, 95	73	166.54	45	136.28		119.99	88.30	κi	75.18		65.19		ei.	_		43.62				35.83				35, 30	<del>-</del>	S.	S.			35 11	35.11	35.11	33, 79	
· ANNUAL * SAVINGS	<b>\$</b> 29, 259	\$172,650	\$20,632	\$6, 623	<b>\$3,993</b>	\$100,159	\$2,053	\$2,053	\$2,040	\$3,643	\$1,890	\$1,790	<b>\$6,009</b>	\$4,507	83, 96B	<b>\$3,968</b>	\$951	\$3,405	\$6,209	\$4,482	\$4,306	\$4,194	<b>\$</b> 4, 194	<b>\$525</b>	<b>\$262</b>	\$321	\$321	<b>#</b> 95	**	<b>\$1,241</b>	#625	#625		<b>\$1,865</b>	<b>\$465</b>	<b>*</b> 465	\$465	\$465	\$926	\$926	\$926	<b>\$</b> 926	\$310	
ENERGY SAVINGS MBTU/YR	2, 337. 0	790.	1,648.0	527.0	319.0	8, 000. 0	164.0	164.0	163.0	291.0	151.0	143.0	480.0	360.0	317.0	317.0	76.0	272.0	496.0	358.0	344.0	-	335.0		21.0	25.7	25. 7	5.0				٠.	291.0						74.0	74.0	74.0	74.0	24.8	
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TOTAL INITIAL INVEBTMENT	0.\$	\$1,299	\$200	\$70	07.	<b>\$1,998</b>	<b>\$</b> 70	\$70	<b>\$</b> 70	<b>\$130</b>	<b>\$130</b>	\$130	<b>\$499</b>	<b>\$</b> 400	<b>\$</b> 400	#400	\$130	\$499	666\$	<b>\$</b> 799	\$799	\$799	\$799	\$130	<b>\$</b> 70	<b>\$83</b>	6B\$	<b>\$19</b>	<b>\$</b> 280	\$419	<b>\$211</b>	•	<b>\$1,248</b>	609\$	<b>\$1</b> 50	<b>\$1</b> 60	\$100	\$160	\$319	416\$	#319	4319	<b>*111</b>	
PROJECT NO.	P-99-2	P-590-2	P-60-1	8-823-2	8-840-2	P-640-1	8-822-1	8-821-2	8-645-2	P-70-3	8-701-1	8-833-2	P-689-2	P-773-2	P-775-2	P-774-2	8-803-2	P-676-2	P-680-2	P-772-2	1	ł	ī		i	8822-2	S-805-3	P-70-2	P-793-2	P-680-4	P-689-3	i	P-650-1	P-640-2	P-790-1	P-775-3	P-774-3	P-773-4	P-772-3	P-675-3	P674-3	P-670-3	P-70-1	
PROJECT TINE	INSTALL LOCKING THERMOSTAT COVERS		INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERMOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERMOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	NSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERMOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERMOSTAT COVERS	_		_	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	INSTALL LOCKING THERMOSTAT COVERS	THERMOSTAT	LOCKING THERMOSTAT	LOCKING THERNOSTAT		DISCONNECT UNIT HEATERS	DISCONNECT UNIT HEATERS	REPAIR LEAKING FAUCEIS	O VALVES	. FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWER	. FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWER	FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWER	ON SHOWER	ON SHOWER	ON SHOWER HE	ON SHOWER	INSTALL FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWER HEADS	INSTALL FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWER HEADS	INSTALL FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWLR HEADS	_	L FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWER HE	L FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOWER HE	L FLOW RESTRICTORS ON SHOVIER HE	•
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### TABLE 5 (Continued)

## LIFE-CYCLE COST ANALYSIS SUMMARY INCREMENT F PROJECTS

BUILDING	PROJECT TIME	PROJECT NO.	TOTAL INITIAL. INVESTMENT	MANHOURS	ENERGY SAVINGS MBTU/YR	ANNUAL # SAVINGS	SIR
P-610	THENCATE CONDENSATE SYSTEM	P640-3	#599	16	124.0		31 34
P-762	INSTULATE BUILDING HEATING SYSTEM PIPING	P7622	\$150	<b>4</b>	6 OE	#386	
p-690	INFULATE HOT WATER EXPANSION TANK VALVES	P690-1	\$150	. 4	90.0	#38 <b>6</b>	31.14
P650	INSTALL PAMEL OVER LOUVER	P650-2	\$230	m	47.0	#288	30, 93
P-590	INSTALL PANELS OVER LOUVERED OPENINGS	P-590-3	\$32,967	450	6,640.0	\$83, 132	30.30
P-780		P-780-3	£963	53	193	\$2,416	
P650	COVER LOUVERED OPENING IN LAUNDRY ROOM	P650-3	*230 ·	m		\$574	30, 19
P-590	STEAN VALVES AND FLANGES	P-590-4	<b>\$190</b>	ณ	37. 7	#472	30.04
P-730	<b>—</b>	P-738-2	\$100	ſΝ	19.3	#241	29.15
8 9()	$\vdash$	S-06-S	#100	N	19.3	\$241	23
p 70		P-70-4	\$100	ณ	19.3	\$241	•
5-645	INSULATE FURNACE NOT AIR DUILET DUCT	5-645-3	<b>\$239</b>	43	65.3	\$567	28 70
P-141	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	P-141-1	\$260	4	49.0	#613	
F-726	INEULATE HEATING SYSTEM HEATING TANKS	P-726-1	\$120	ო	18.0	#225	
P-660		P-660-2	<b>\$120</b>	m	18.0	#225	
P-793	REPAIR STEAN LEAKS	P7931	\$220	ľ٦		\$366	
P780	REDUCE DOMESTIC HOT WATER TEMPERATURE	p7802	#4C	-		10 th	16.65
p-590	REPAIR LEAKING STEAM VALVES	P590-5	\$2.70	49		\$366	
S-B05	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS.	S8052	\$330°	ID.	27.0	800 #	12.39
2.00 -s	REPAIR AIR LEAK	E-E0B-S	#17	<b>,1</b>	10.	#21	11.84
p777.		P7725	\$130	N	35.2	#139	11.38
P-687		P6895	\$130	ณ	33.2	\$139	11.38
P£80		P-680-5	<b>\$130</b>	N	35.2	#139	
P-676		P6765	\$130	N	35.2	#139	
P675		P675-5	<b>\$130</b>	M		\$139	11.38
P-674		P674-5	\$130	ณ		#139	11.38
F-670		P670-5	<b>\$130</b>	Ŋ		\$139	11.38
-	AGUASTAT	P-1-2	<b>#265</b>	₽		<b>\$281</b>	11, 29
P-87H		P-628-1	<b>#599</b>	10		\$594	10, 55
P-775		P-775-5	\$70	Ţ	17.6	469	10.51
P-774		P-774-5	\$70	<b>,</b>	17.6	469	10, 51
F//-d		P-773-5	\$70	-pool	17.6	469	10, 51
P=768		P7621	470	,	17.6	469	10.51
COB-5	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	S6022	0924	4	18.0	#225 #225	10, 46
5-41]	ADJUST COOLER TEMP AND LEVIL	5-641-2	\$40	-1	10.0	#39	10.38
P570	INFULATE DONESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEN	P-590-1	<b>#173</b>	28	40, 4	\$160	9,84
5-804	INSTALL LOCKING THERMOSTAF COVERS	5-804-2	092\$	4		#187	
P 63:1	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	P89-2	\$130	N	7.0	#87	
065	INSULATE DUMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	S901	41,399	4 6)	6.69	#875	
P-161	INSTALL LOCKING THERNOSTAT COVERS	P1611	\$200	ריז	10.0	#125	7, 56
S-623	INSULATE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	S623-1	\$409	15	23.8	#297	7, 34
13E/d	INSULATE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	P7381	4719	OJ OJ	34, 4	<b>\$430</b>	7.24
	INCOLATE HOAC UNIT POPING AND DOOR	P13	4850	17	40.7	4809	7.24

## TABLE 5 (Continued)

## LIFE-CYCLE COST ANALYSIS SUMMARY INCREMENT F PROJECTS

-							
BUILDING	PROJECT TTH E	PROJECT NO.	TOTAL INITIAL INVESTMENT	MANHOURS	ENERGY SAVINGS MBTU/YR	ANNUAL *	SIR
5-647	INSULATE DONESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	5-647-1	\$489	TC TC	4.62	#292	7.22
5641	INSULATE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	5641-1	\$489	in:	4 62	262#	7.22
P- 99	DONESTIC HO! WATER	p-99-1	\$439	i m	. 4	\$292 2928	7
P- 88	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	P-88-1	\$409	10	4.60	6.65¢	
P-780	INSULATE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	P780-1	<b>\$280</b>	۵	12. 9	#161	95.9
P689	INSTALL PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLS ON STAIRW	P6894	<b>#560</b>	12	84. 2	\$334	
P580	INSTALL PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLS ON STAIRW	P-680-3	4560	12	84.2	#334	6.34
P-676	INSTALL PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLS ON STAIRW	P676-4	#170	4	28. 1	\$111	
S-623	REPAIR AIR LEAKS	5623-3	477	ru	10.4	\$41	5. 68
	DONESTIC HOL WATER	P-1-1	<b>\$409</b>	00	14.9	\$186	9.50
S 85	DONESTIC HOT WATER	5-85-1	<b>\$480</b>	13	16.8	#210	ณ
P-834	DOMESTIC HO! WATER	P834-1	469\$	22		00£#	5.15
S80R	DONESTIC HOT WATER	S-808-1	<b>\$799</b>	e S	27. 2	<b>\$340</b>	-
2-607	DONESTIC HOT WATER	58071	<b>\$779</b>	125	27.2	<b>\$340</b>	5, 13
308~S	DONESTIC HO! WATER	S-806-1	4799	N S		\$340	_
S-805	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	5-805-1	<b>#</b> 299	in Ci		<b>\$</b> 340	***
S-604	DONESTIC HOT WATER	5-804-1	4799	23	٠.	<b>\$340</b>	~~
C08-5	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	S-803-1	\$799	is a	27.2	\$340	-
30a-s	WATER	5-802-1	\$799	25	27. 2	#340	5, 13
5-645	DONESTIC HOT WATER	56451	\$310	10	10.6	<b>\$132</b>	7
P-775	WATER	P775-1	\$111	m	83 63	447	5, 13
P-774	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	P-774-1	*111	e	3.8	\$47	5.13
P-773	DONESTIC HOT WATER	P-773-1	\$111	ო	æ ri	<b>\$47</b>	5, 13
P-772	DONESTIC HOT WATER	P-772-1	\$111	ო	B. E.	\$47	5.13
P-687	INGULATE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	P-689-1	\$111	ო	9.6	#47	g. 13
P-680		P680-1	\$111	ო	න භ	#47	g. 13
P-676	INSULATE DONESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM	P-676-1	\$111	ო	න භ	<b>#47</b>	5, 13
P-675	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	P675-1	\$111	m	9.6	#47	5.13
P-674	DONESTIC HOT WATER	P674-1	<b>\$111</b>	m	9.6	#47	
P-670	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	P670-1	\$111	ო	9. <b>8</b>	447	5.13
S-840	DONESTIC HOW WATER	5-840-1	\$270	œ	9.1	#113	
S-821	DONESTIC HO! WATER	S821-1	\$270	<b>c</b> o	9.1	<b>#113</b>	
P-660	WATER	P-660-1	<b>\$</b> 40	<b>,</b>	1.9	#53	4. 63
5-634	INSULATE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEN	5-833-1	660		1.4	\$17	
×	DISCONNECT ELEC BASENDARD HEAT	38062	TC# ·	<b>,</b>	m ni	<b>ċ</b> ~	
S- 4		541	<b>\$460</b>	11		<b>\$121</b>	
P-740	RECONNECT LIGHTING OVER BOM ING LANES	P740-1	<b>\$2,597</b>	÷ Ú	146.0	4579	
2-607	ECT ELECTRIC HEATERS IN	S6072	E00#	<b>,</b>	1.8	47	
p772	INSTALL PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLS ON STAIRM	P-772-4	\$370	œ	18.7	<b>\$74</b>	2.13
P-675	INSTALL PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLS ON STAIRW	P675-4	#370	œ	18.7	<b>\$74</b>	2, 13
P-674	PHOTOELECIRIC STAIRWAY LICH	P-674-4	\$370	00	18.7	\$74	2. 13 5. 13
P670	INSTALL PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLS ON STAIRW	P670-4	43.70	œ,	18.7	<b>\$74</b>	2.13
F-640	THISTALL, SOLAR SCREENS	P6404	666\$	69	50.0	#198	2.11

### TABLE 5 (Continued)

# LIFE-CYCLE COST ANALYSIS SUMMARY INCREMENT F PROJECTS

SIR	2.07 70.05 70.07	1, 19
ANNUAL *	#37 #37	\$30 \$514, 695
HOURS ENERGY SAVINGS ANNUAL \$ SIR SAVINGS MBTU/YR	0.0.0. 444	8-991-1 \$270 B 7.7 \$30 1.19 1.19 \$14,695 \$14,695
MAN		1450
PROJECT TOTAL INITIAL. NO. INVESTMENT	\$190 \$190 \$190	\$270  \$79, 557
PROJECT NO.	P-775-4 P-774-4 P-773-3	8-991-1
BUILDING PROJECT TILLE		5-991 INBULATE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM TOTALS:
	INSTALL INSTALL INSTALL	INSOLAT

### 7.1 INFEASIBLE PROJECTS

### TABLE 6

### PROJECTS FOUND INFEASIBLE

- Solar domestic hot water
- Solar building heat
- Medium temperature hot water central heating plant
- Steam central heating plant
- Automatic vent dampers in Family Housing
- Lowering the ceiling height in Building No. 640, Transfer Point
- Energy monitoring and control system
- Street lights and area lighting
- Solid waste utilization
- Solar domestic hot water and space heating for Building Nos. 001, 006, 070, 090, 650, 660, 690, 726, 762, 790, 792, 794, 796, 812, 830, and 834.

### 8.1 SUMMARY OF ALL PROJECTS

### TABLE 7

### SUMMARY OF PROJECTS

Projects	MBTU Energy Savings	Total Installed Cost (\$000)
Proposed ECIP Projects for FY 85	65,910	\$2,881
Minor Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Projects (Increment G)	9,160	162
Increment F Projects	41,920	80
Total	116,990	\$3,120
Central Boiler Plant Project for FY 85 (Increment E) "Refit Existing Boilers"		\$1,400

### 9.1 PROJECTED ENERGY TRENDS

Table 8: Energy Consumption Summary presents historical costs and consumption records for FY 1975 through FY 1979. This shows that costs have more than doubled while consumption has remained fairly constant. Figure 4: Projected Energy Trends, shows the projected trend in energy consumption. As a result of implementing the energy conservation projects, annual energy use will be reduced by approximately 117,000 MBTU's. Building energy use will be reduced from 88 to 53 KBTU's per gross square foot.

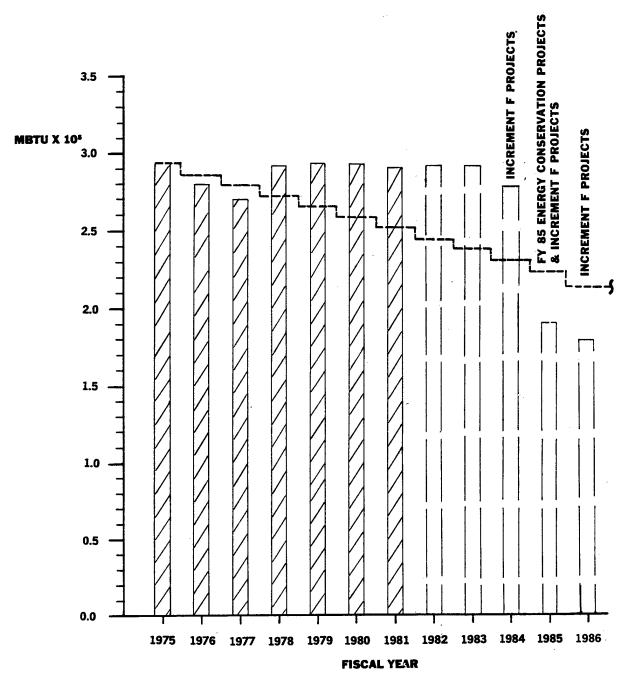
TABLE 8

OAKLAND ARMY BASE
ENERGY CONSUMPTION SUMMARY

	*													•			
FY 79	3,338,873** 293,849 \$807,575 88.0	118.0* \$241.87 109	244 125 <b>,</b> 194	\$323,752 37.50	\$6.96	98 247	2,651	14.15	14,539,200	\$483,832	4.35	50.51	\$144.91	118	242	3,226	4,507
FY 78	3,587,726** 292,485 \$873,760 81.5	119.2* \$243.54 101	246 131,292	\$293,088 36,59	\$81.69	96 208	1,943	18.83	13,096,000 161,193	\$580,672	3.87	44.93	\$161.85	105	270	3,226	4,308
FY 77	3,621,858 270,587 \$681,011 74,7	120.3 \$188.03 92	190 116 <b>,</b> 967	\$240 <b>,</b> 054 32 <b>,</b> 29	\$66.28	84 169	2,460	13,13	15,243,000	\$440,957	3.66	42,41	\$121.75	66	203	2,937	4,509
FY 76	3,621,858 280,677 \$460,375	127.2 \$127.11 96	128 136 <b>,</b> 187	\$212,790 37.60	\$58.75	98 150	3,214	11.70	14,470,000	\$247,585	3.44 3.44	39.89	\$68.36	93	114	2,707	4,601
FY 75	3,621,858 293,119 \$359,250 80,9	138.7 \$99.19 100	138,552	\$142,302 38.25	\$39.29	100	2,673	14.31	15,324,000	\$216,948	3.68	45.68	\$59.90	100	100	2,784	3,617
UNIT	GSF MBTU/Yr Dollars/Yr KBTU/GSF/Yr	KBTU/GSF/Yr Dollars/GSF/Yr Ref. FY 75	Ref. FY 75 MBTU/Yr	Dollars/Yr KBTU/GSF/Yr	Dollars/KGSF/Yr	Ref. FY 75 Ref. FY 75		BTU/GSF/DD/Yr	MBTU/Yr	Dollars/Yr	KWH/GSF/Yr	KBTU/GSF/Yr	Dollars/GSF/Yr	Ref. FY 75	Ref. FY 75	Peak KW	
PARAMETER	Area Source Energy Consumed Energy Cost Source Energy Index	MTMC Goal Energy Cost Index Source Index	Cost Index Fuels Consumed	Fuels Cost Fuels Energy Index	Fuels Cost Index	Fuels Index Fuels Cost Index	Heating Degree Days	Heating Fuels Index	Source Electricity Energy	Electricity Cost	Electricity Energy Index		Electricity Cost Index	Electricity Index	Electricity Cost Index	Electrical Demand	Hours of Usage

<sup>\*</sup> Interpolated MTMC Goal based on data available in the Army Facilities Energy Plan.

<sup>\*\*</sup>GSF varies based on the leasing arrangements with the various Non-Government tenants.



### LEGEND

- HISTORICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION
- PROJECTED ENERGY CONSUMPTION BASED ON FY 80 ACTIVITY & GSF AS CONSTANT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF ECIP PROJECTS
- ---- OARB ENERGY GOAL (20% REDUCTION FROM BASE YEAR FY 75 THROUGH FY 85)

**FIGURE 4** 

PROJECTED ENERGY TRENDS

### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LABORATORIES, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 9005 CHAMPAIGN, ILLINOIS 61826-9005

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